

**Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund**  
**Financial Statements**  
*For the year ended March 31, 2024*

# Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund Contents

*For the year ended March 31, 2024*

---

	<i>Page</i>
<b>Independent Auditor's Report</b>	
<b>Financial Statements</b>	
Statement of Financial Position.....	1
Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets.....	2
Statement of Cash Flows.....	3
<b>Notes to the Financial Statements</b> .....	4

---

To the Trustees and Participants of Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund:

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at March 31, 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Surrey, British Columbia

June 12, 2024

*MNP LLP*

Chartered Professional Accountants

# Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund Statement of Financial Position

*As at March 31, 2024*

	2024	2023
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Cash	101,332	84,288
Term deposit (Note 3)	1,025,000	1,024,680
	1,126,332	1,108,968
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Accounts payable and accruals	4,665	4,665
<b>Contingencies (Note 4)</b>		
<b>Net Assets</b>		
Unrestricted	1,121,667	1,104,303
	1,126,332	1,108,968

Approved on behalf of the Board

e-Signed by Mark Bakken  
2024-06-12 14:42:13:13 PDT

Director

e-Signed by Bill Kwok

2024-06-17 15:55:55:55 PDT

Director

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

# Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2024

	2024	2023
<b>Revenue</b>		
Contributions from members	109,200	98,200
Interest income	32,286	8,737
	<b>141,486</b>	106,937
<b>Expenses</b>		
Administrative	6,192	6,211
Claims expense	441	35,352
Consulting (Note 6)	9,818	15,845
Professional fees	12,993	17,358
Salaries and benefits (Note 6)	94,678	85,173
	<b>124,122</b>	159,939
<b>Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses</b>	<b>17,364</b>	(53,002)
<b>Net assets, beginning of year</b>	<b>1,104,303</b>	1,157,305
<b>Net assets, end of year</b>	<b>1,121,667</b>	1,104,303

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

**Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**  
*For the year ended March 31, 2024*

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
<hr/>		
<b>Cash provided by (used for) the following activities</b>		
<b>Operating</b>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	17,364	(53,002)
Changes in working capital accounts		
Accounts payable and accruals	-	16
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	17,364	(52,986)
<b>Investing</b>		
Increase in term deposit	(320)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash resources</b>	17,044	(52,986)
<b>Cash resources, beginning of year</b>	84,288	137,274
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Cash resources, end of year</b>	101,332	84,288
	<hr/>	<hr/>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

# Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2024

---

### 1. Incorporation and nature of the organization

The Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund (the "Fund") was established by the Government of British Columbia on June 1, 1995, with the introduction of the Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund Regulation and related amendments to the Motor Dealer Act ("MDA").

The purpose of the Fund is to reimburse consumers for eligible financial losses related to:

- the purchase or lease of a motor vehicle;
- the purchase of an extended warranty or service plan; or,
- the consignment of a motor vehicle for sale by a motor dealer in a transaction with a registered motor dealer, particularly in circumstances where the dealer is no longer in business.

Claims are submitted by consumers and approved by the Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund Board of Directors. The Fund pays claims to consumers to a maximum of \$20,000 per claim. In accordance with the MDA, it is compulsory for motor vehicle dealers to pay contributions in their first 3 years of participation in the Fund in order to obtain registration in British Columbia.

The Fund is a trust within the meaning of Section 149(1)(w) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and as such, is exempt from income taxes.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASPNO") set out in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook - Accounting, as issued by the Accounting Standards Board in Canada, and include the following significant accounting policies:

#### **Revenue recognition**

The Fund follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions, if any, are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Contributions from members are recognized as revenue when received.

#### **Contingencies**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those reported. The Fund's estimates and judgments subject to the most uncertainty are related to its contingent liabilities (Note 4).

#### **Claims**

Claims are recognized as expenses at the time of approval by the Fund's Board. Compensation fund recoveries to offset claims paid are recorded when received.

#### **Financial instruments**

The Fund recognizes financial instruments when the Fund becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

#### **Arm's length financial instruments**

Financial instruments originated/acquired or issued/assumed in an arm's length transaction ("arm's length financial instruments") are initially recorded at their fair value.

At initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any arm's length financial instrument at fair value. The Fund has not made such an election during the year.

The Fund subsequently measures its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, with transaction costs and financing fees added to the carrying amount of the Fund's financial statements.

---



# Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2024

---

### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

#### *Financial instruments (Continued from previous page)*

##### **Related party financial instruments**

Related party financial instruments are measured at cost on initial recognition with cost equal to the carrying or exchange amount of the consideration transferred or received (refer to Note 6).

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of related party financial instruments are immediately recognized in excess of revenues over expenses.

##### **Financial asset impairment**

The Fund assesses the carrying amount of its financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost. Management considers whether the issuer is having significant financial difficulty; whether there has been a breach in contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments in determining whether objective evidence of impairment exists. When there is an indication of impairment, the Fund determines whether it has resulted in a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows during the year.

The Fund reduces the carrying amount of any impaired financial assets to the highest of: the present value of cash flows expected to be generated by holding the assets; the amount that could be realized by selling the assets at the statement of financial position date; and the amount expected to be realized by exercising any rights to collateral held against those assets.

For related party equity instruments initially measured at cost, the Fund reduces the carrying amount of the asset (or group of assets), to the amount that could be realized by selling the asset(s) at the statement of financial position date.

Any impairment, which is not considered temporary, is included in current year excess of revenues over expenses.

The Fund reverses impairment losses on financial assets when there is a decrease in impairment and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess of revenues over expenses in the year the reversal occurs.

### 3. Term deposit

The Fund's term deposit matures in July 2024, and bears interest at 4.45% (2023 - 3.60%) per annum.

### 4. Contingencies

Motor vehicle dealers in British Columbia declare bankruptcy, become insolvent, or otherwise end their operations each year. The Fund's liability related to such bankruptcies, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated and no related provision has been made in the financial statements.

### 5. Unrestricted net assets

The net assets of the Fund are comprised of contributions by Participants and income earned on investments. The Registrar of Motor Dealers may require every motor dealer carrying on business in British Columbia to make contributions, as deemed necessary to ensure the sufficiency of the Fund.

# Motor Dealer Customer Compensation Fund

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2024

### 6. Related party transactions

The Fund shares office space and administrative services with the Motor Dealer Council of British Columbia (the "Society") and the Society is deemed to control the Fund by virtue of being the Trustee of the Fund, and having the right to appoint the Fund's Board of Directors. During the year, the Fund incurred \$94,678 (2023 - \$85,173) in Board, staff and administrative expenses and \$9,818 (2023 - \$15,845) in direct expenses through utilization of the Board members, employees and resources of the Society.

As required by the Societies Act, the remuneration paid to directors during the year ended March 31, 2024 is as follows:

	2024	2023
Board Chair	546	1,565
Board Vice Chair	1,980	2,260
Board Director 1	1,913	3,152
Board Director 2	1,362	1,908
Board Director 3	688	1,897
<b>Total Board Remuneration for services provided</b>	<b>6,489</b>	<b>10,782</b>

### 7. Financial instruments

The Fund, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Fund is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

#### **Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. Changes in market interest rates may have an effect on the cash flows associated with some financial assets and liabilities, known as cash flow risk, and on the fair value of other financial assets or liabilities, known as price risk.

The Fund is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to its term deposit.

#### **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Fund enters into transactions to purchase goods and services on credit, for which repayment is required at various maturity dates.